

Vis5d Control Panel

Vis5D version 1.3.0-beta Copyright (C) 1990 - Bill Hibbard, Johan Kellum, Brian Paul and Andre Battaola

ANIMATE	STEP	NEW VAR..	EXIT
	TOP	SOUTH	WEST
TOPD	MAP	BOX	CLOCK
SAVE..	RESTORE	GRID #'s	CONT #'s
	REVERSE	SAVE PIC	PERSPEC
SCRIPT..	INTERP..	UVW VARS..	LEGENDS
IMPORT	IRG IMPORT	DISPLAY	
SAVE SCENE			

Normal
 Trajectory
 Slice
 Label
 Probe
 Sounding
 Clipping

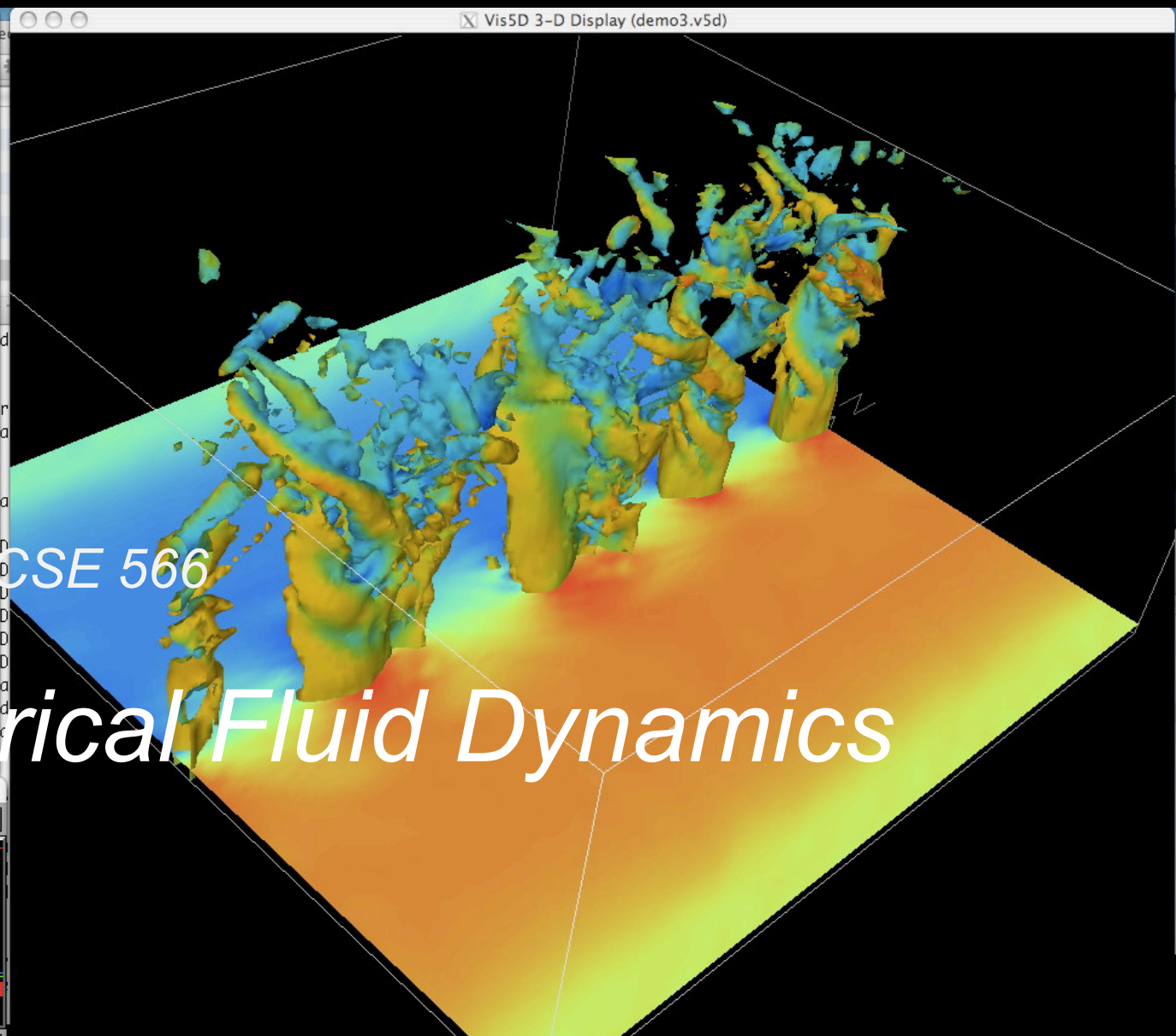
Change the Viewing Angle

Mouse Buttons

rotate | zoom & | trans-
view | clip | late

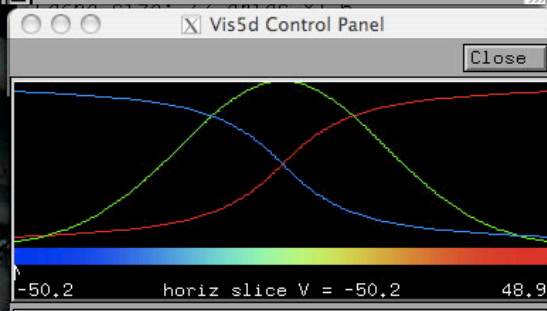
Hwind1	Vwind1	Hwind2	Vwind2	HStream	VStream
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Contour		Slice		Colored Slice	
Isosurf	Horiz.	Vert.	Horiz.	Vert.	Volume
T	T	T	T	T	T
P	P	P	P	P	P
U	U	U	U	U	U
V	V	V	V	V	V
W	W	W	W	W	W
vort	vort	vort	vort	vort	vort



Atms 502, CSE 566

Numerical Fluid Dynamics



TUE., APR. 23, 2019

ATMS 502
CSE 566

Tuesday,
23 April 2019

Class #25

Plan for Today

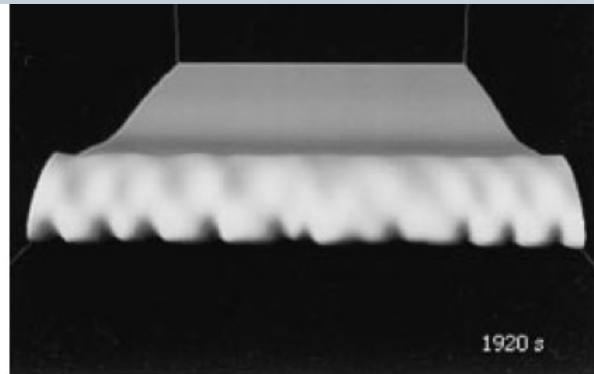
- 1) Review from last class
 - Lee and Wilhelmson paper
- 2) Program 6
 - Web pages
 - Saving data for visualization
 - Visualization-1
- 3) Fluid flow equations

Lee and Wilhelmson (1997)

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- **Evolution, step 1:**

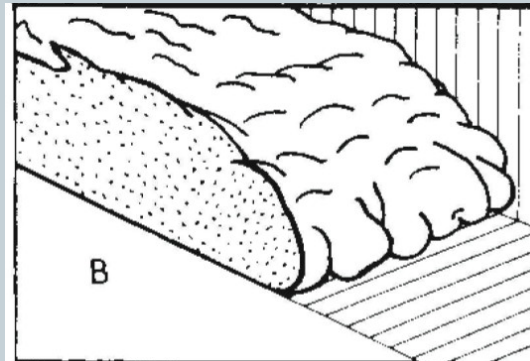
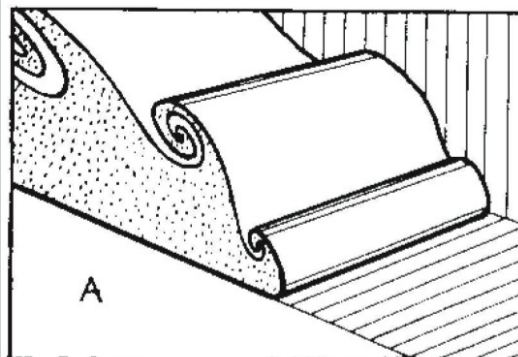
- *Random temp. perturbations + semi-slip surface produces lobe and cleft instability along leading edge of density current*



Lee/Wilhelmson Fig. 5:
density current leading
edge: lobe and cleft
instability

Program 6: uses $\Delta U'_{T=0}$

KELVIN-
HELMHOLTZ



LOBE
& CLEFT

Lee and Wilhelmson (1997)

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- **Evolution of leading edge vorticity**

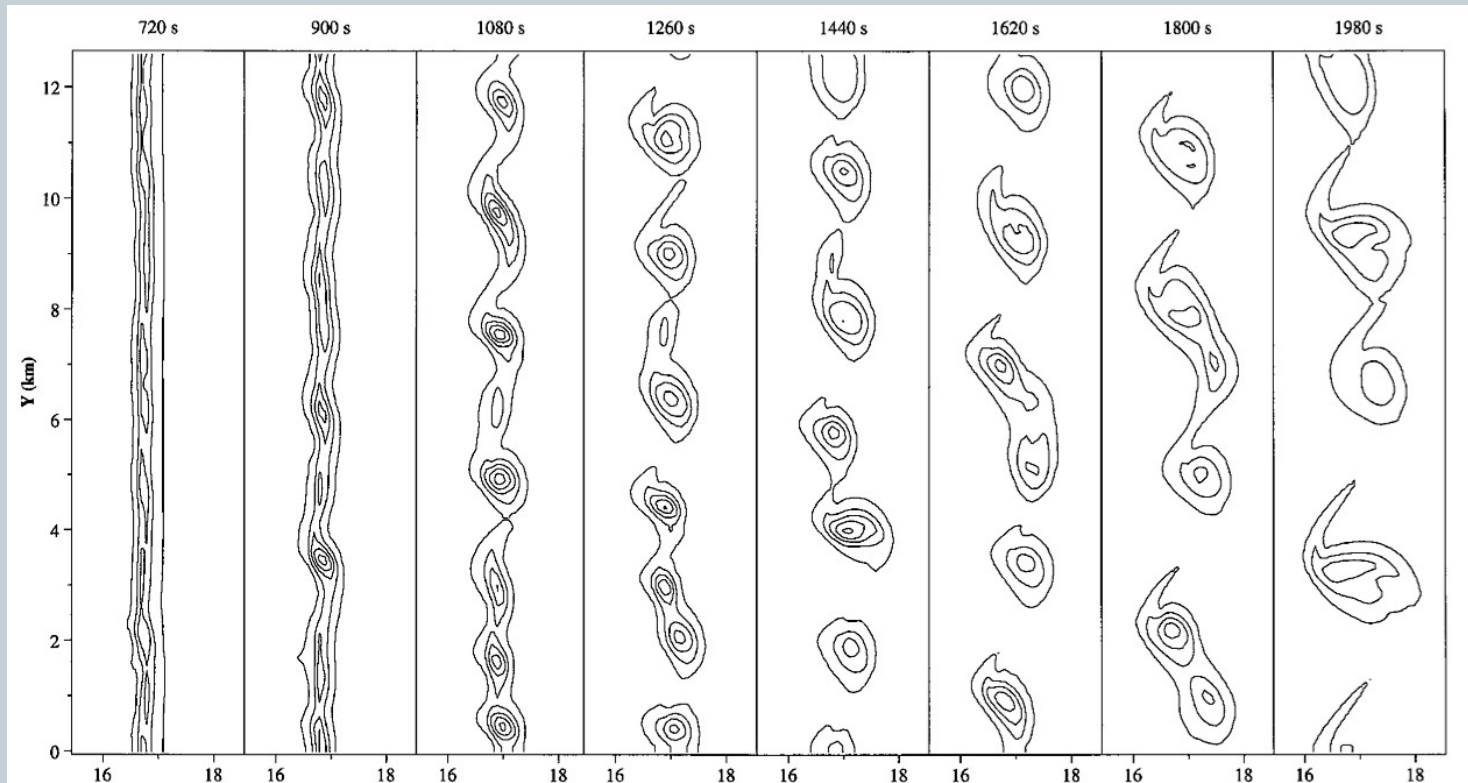


Figure 9: x-y plot of vertical vorticity at leading edge of the density current

Lee and Wilhelmson (1997)

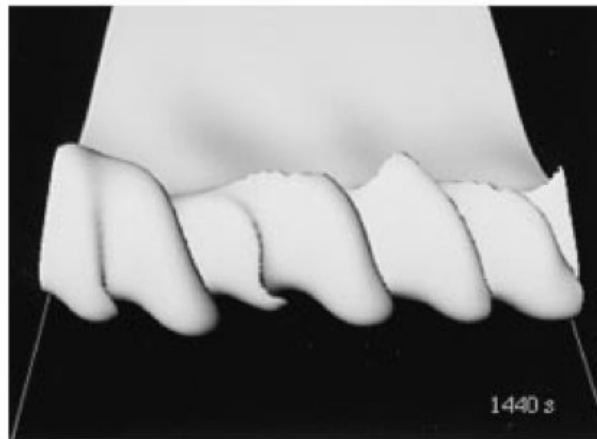
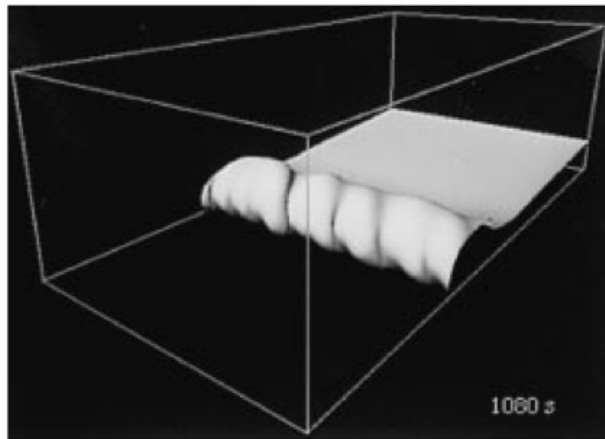
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- **Evolution:**

- *Circulations with HSI evolve:*

- *vortex sheet roll up*
- *subharmonic interaction*
- *consolidation, dissipation*

Figure 4: Evolution of leading edge of density current.



Transition from wavenumber 8, to 6, to 4

Program 6



**WEB PAGES
VISUALIZATION-1
BATCH SYSTEM**

Computer problem #6

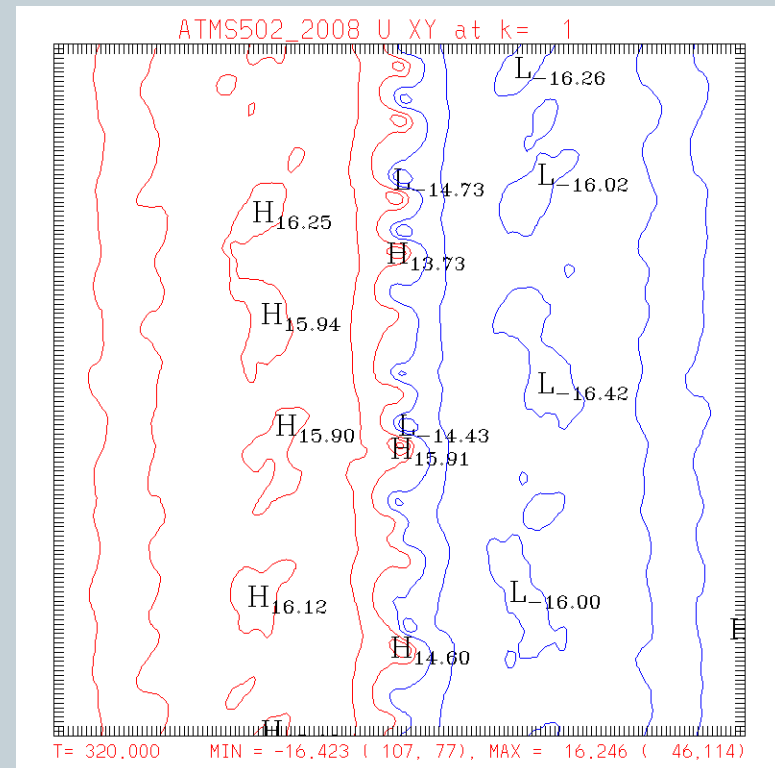
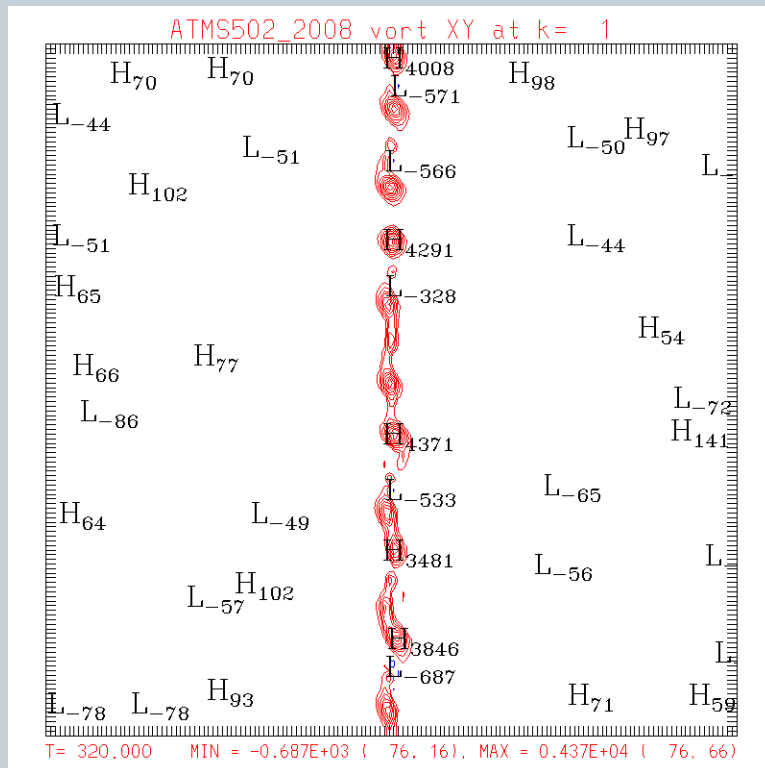
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- **Problem: colliding density currents**
 - In 3-D
 - With shearing instability
 - With vortex interaction
 - Preferred wavelengths emerge during integration
- **Colliding density currents ...**
 - With opposite V , and random U perturbations at $T=0$
 - Evolving vorticity structures for each, *prior* to collision

Computer problem #6

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- Example of 50m solution, $T=320s$



Program #6: plotting

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- Unlike earlier programs: do not call plot routines directly. Instead call *putfield* routine to store raw simulation output to disk as a binary file.
 - Details will be on program #6 page online.
- Then run program *plotp6* to create plots of desired fields. This allows you to:
 - Generate plots with a *script*, if desired
 - *Decide later* what plots you want - there are many possibilities with 3-D data
 - Handle *large data sets* quickly. My code created >4 GB of data for the test case shown today.

Program #6: batch system

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- Run parallel jobs on Stampede2 **batch system**
- Requires a **batch script** (“deck”) that contains
 - Commands to run your program
 - Directives requesting compute resources --
 - ✓ Number of processors
 - ✓ Batch queue (“development” or “normal”);
development = 1 job, 2 hours, 256 cores
- **Examples** on Stampede2 and program #6 page

Analysis and visualization: 1

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MODEL OUTPUT
CONTOUR TOOLS
WEB PAGE GENERATION
NETCDF OUTPUT

Analysis and visualization 1: *putfield()*

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- **Saving data during your simulation**

- *putfield()*

- ✦ Fortran and C routines in ~502/Pgm6 on Maverick
- ✦ demo-write(.c, .f90) demonstration code, calls putfield
- ✦ putfield(.c, .f90) saves data to disk
- ✦ makefile for compiling
- ✦ RunHistory.dat default output file name (*unformatted binary*)

- **Calls from C**

- prototype statement

- `putfield("T", dt*(float)step, nx, ny, nz, array_name);`

- **Calls from Fortran**

- call `putfield('T', dt*real(step), array_name, nx, ny, nz)`

Analysis and visualization: *plot3d*

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- **plot3d program**

- Purpose: save all the data - to be plotted as needed, later
- Script and executable at: ~tg457444/502/Tools
 - ✦ **Requires:** X-windows (Win: Xming/VcXsrv; Mac: Xquartz)
 - ✦ Written in: Fortran-90 & C

- **Starting**

- `plot3d` (no arguments) *Reads: RunHistory.dat*
- `plot3d datafile` *Reads: datafile*

- **Questions**

- **Should this program call IDT directly?** (hit return: default=yes)
- **Enter title for all plots?** (hit return: no title is required)
- **Enter dx (meters):** (For vorticity...hit return: default=500 m)

Analysis and visualization: *plot3d* (2)

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- **plot3d - starting up**

- Reads entire file, lists fields and times.

- **Normal use**

- Enter **name of a field**, e.g. *T* [*or ? for help*]

- Enter the **type of plot**: *xy xz yz 3d*

- Enter the **slice value**:

- ✦ for X-Y plots, enter the 3rd index "k"; default=1 [ground]

- ✦ for X-Z plots, enter the 3rd index "j", default = center

- ✦ for Y-Z plots, enter the 3rd index "i", default = center

- ✦ for 3-D plots, enter: (1) eye position, (2) isosurface value

} *and then
contour
interval*

- **When you plot**

- **idt** window appears; click **> to plot** • close window **when done**

- you can **enter a file name** [other than gmeta] to "save" plots.

Analysis and visualization: *plot3d* (3)

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• **plot3d - other options**

- **www** - generate web pages (xy,xz,yz,3d)
 - ✦ a list of all fields are shown
 - ✦ you pick slices (xy, xz, yz) or isosurface (3d) or hit return for defaults
 - ✦ you pick contour intervals for all (or use *auto*)
- **set max** (list max value, along with making plots)
- **set HL** (add or remove H/L labels)
- **set times** (specify time range)
- **set color** (image cell fill)
- **set window** (plot subregion)
- **netcdf** (create netcdf file)
 - ✦ you are prompted for a time range *and* interval; enter 3 numbers

Computer problem #6

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- Initial condition, 50m: potential temperature

